

Warm Up 9/12

MA

Determine whether f is even, odd, or neither.

a. $f(x) = 2x^5 - 3x^2 + 2$

$$f(-x) = 2(-x)^5 - 3(-x)^2 + 2$$
$$= -2x^5 - 3x^2 + 2 \quad \therefore$$

Neither.

b. $f(x) = \frac{1}{x+2}$

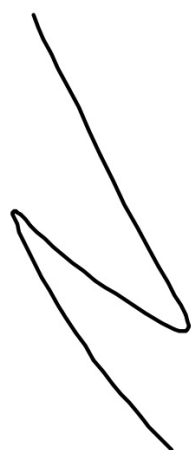
$$f(-x) = \frac{1}{(-x)+2}$$

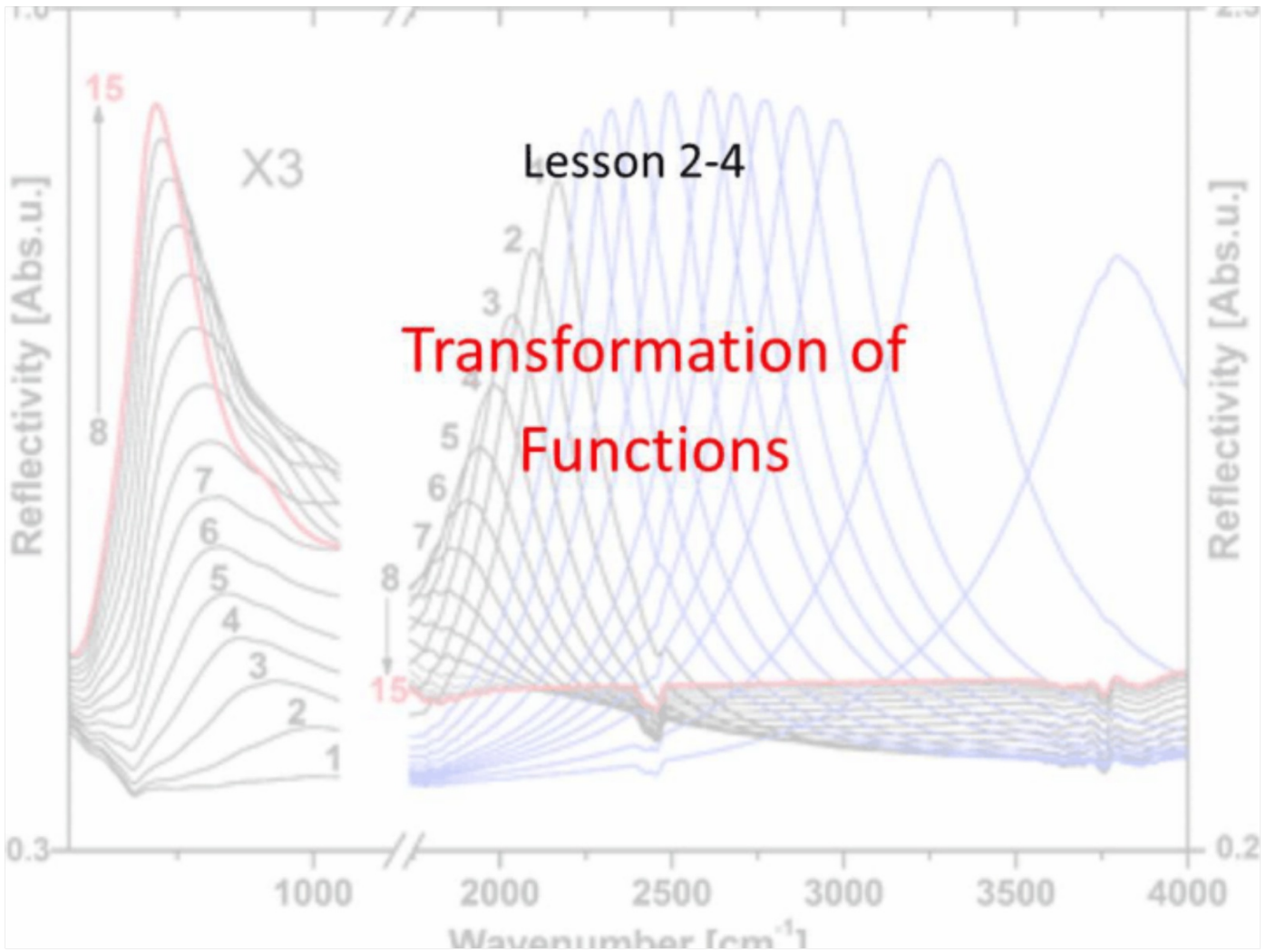
$$= \frac{1}{-x+2}$$

~~$\frac{1}{x+2}$~~ odd

$$= -\frac{1}{(x-2)}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{x-2}$$





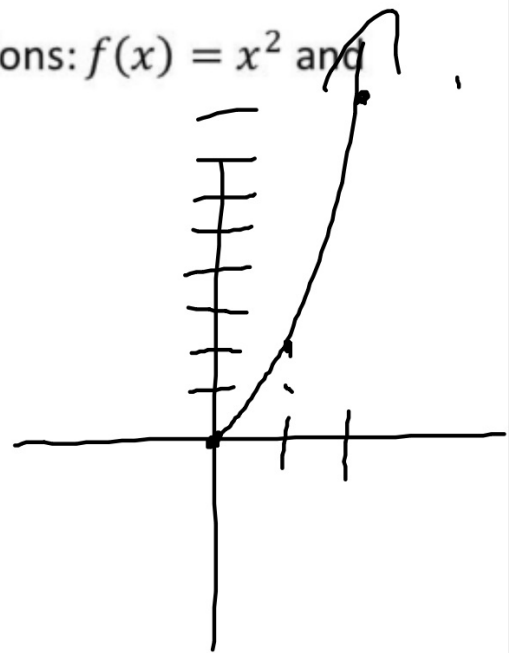
Objective

Students will...

- Be able to apply the properties of stretch and compression in graphing various functions.
- Be able to determine the scale factor of the stretch or compression.

Transformation of Functions

Let's go ahead and compare the two functions: $f(x) = x^2$ and $g(x) = 2(x^2)$



Transformation of Functions

Let's go ahead and compare the two functions: $f(x) = x^2$ and $g(x) = \frac{1}{2}x^2$

Transformation: Stretch and Compression

As observed, the transformation that took place was a vertical stretch or a compression by a certain scale factor. This can be generalized by the following:

For $y = cf(x)$

If $c > 1$, stretch the graph of $y = f(x)$ vertically by a factor of c .

If $0 < c < 1$, compress the graph of $y = f(x)$ vertically by a factor of c .

$$y = 2x^2$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x^2$$

Transformation of Functions

Now let's go ahead and compare the two functions: $f(x) = x^2$
and $g(x) = (2x)^2$


Transformation of Functions

Now let's go ahead and compare the two functions: $f(x) = x^2$
and $g(x) = \left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^2$

Transformation: Stretch and Compression

As observed, the transformation that took place was a horizontal **stretch or a compression** by a certain **scale factor**. This can be generalized by the following:

For $y = f(cx)$

If $c > 1$, compress the graph of $y = f(x)$ horizontally by a factor of $\frac{1}{c}$ 

If $0 < c < 1$, stretch the graph of $y = f(x)$ horizontally by a factor of $\frac{1}{c}$

Note the **opposite relationship** of the scale factor between vertical and horizontal stretch/compression.

Examples

Determine whether the function has a vertical or a horizontal stretch/compression, and determine its scale factor.

a. $f(x) = 3(x^2)$

Vertical stretch.
by a factor of 3.

b. $f(x) = \left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^3$

horizontal stretch.
by a factor of 2.

c. $h(x) = \frac{3}{4}(x-1)^{19}$

Vertical compression
by factor of $\frac{3}{4}$

d. $p(x) = \sqrt{3x}$

horizontal
compression by factor $\frac{1}{3}$

$$e. f(x) = \frac{5}{4}|x|$$

Vertical stretch
by factor of $\frac{5}{4}$

$$g. u(x) = \frac{10}{11}(x - 990)^5$$

Vertical compression
by factor of $\frac{10}{11}$.

$$f. q(x) = \frac{8}{5}\sqrt[6]{x-1} \quad \text{factor of .}$$

Vertical stretch by $\frac{8}{5}$

$$h. t(x) = 3\sqrt{\frac{7}{6}(x+5)}$$

Vertical stretch by
factor of 3

Horizontal compression by
factor of $\frac{6}{7}$.

Examples

For the function given function f , write the equation for the final transformed graph, based on the description of the transformation done.

$f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x}$; shift 3 units to the left, stretch vertically by a factor of 5, and reflect in the x-axis.

Vertical y-axis

$$f'(x) = -5\sqrt[3]{x+3}$$

outside

$$f'(x) = 5\sqrt[3]{-(x+3)}$$

Examples

$$-5(x-1)^2 + 3$$

Explain how the graph of g is obtained from the graph of f .

$$f(x) = |x|, g(x) = 3|x| + 1$$

Vert. stretch by factor of 3, up 1.

$$f(x) = |x|, g(x) = -|x + 1|$$

Vert. reflection,
(along x -axis)

left 1.

Homework 9/12

Transformation WKSHT

