

## Independent Events - "and".

Events that do not affect each other's probability.

$$P(\epsilon_1 \text{ and } \epsilon_2) = P(\epsilon_1 \cap \epsilon_2) = P(\epsilon_1)P(\epsilon_2)$$

Ex. A coin is tossed thrice.

Event: Probability of getting 3 tails.

$$P(\epsilon_1 \cap \epsilon_2 \cap \epsilon_3) = P(\epsilon_1)P(\epsilon_2)P(\epsilon_3) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \\ = \frac{1}{8}$$

Ex. What is the probability of correctly guessing  
5 multiple choice questions (3-4 choices, 2-5 choices)?

$$P(\xi_1 \cap \xi_2 \cap \xi_3 \cap \xi_4 \cap \xi_5) = \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^3 \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^2 \approx \frac{1}{1600} \approx 0.000625$$

0.0625%

Ex. 35-people room.

Event: at least two share a b-day.

$\Sigma'$ : Everyone has a diff. b-day.

$$P(\Sigma) = 1 - P(\Sigma')$$

$$P(\Sigma) = 1 - 0.186 \\ \approx 0.814$$

$$P(\Sigma') = \left(\frac{365}{365}\right) \left(\frac{364}{365}\right) \left(\frac{363}{365}\right) \cdots \left(\frac{331}{365}\right)$$

$$\approx 0.186$$