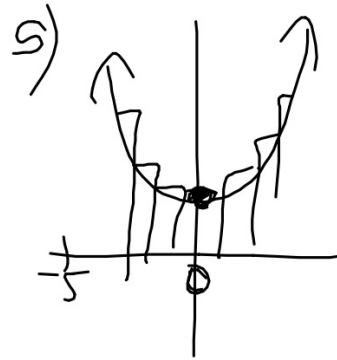


$$4) \int_a^{2t} f(x) = F(2t) - F(a)$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \int_a^{2t} f(x) \neq f(x) \\ = 2f(2t)$$



$$6) F'(x) = \sqrt{1+x^3} \quad F(1) = 5, \quad F(3) = ?$$

$$\int_1^3 \sqrt{1+x^3} dx = F(3) - \underset{5}{F(1)} \approx 6.22 \dots$$

$$7) \frac{d}{dx} F(x) = \frac{d}{dx} \int_2^x \sqrt[3]{t^3 - 1} dt$$

$$F'(2) = \sqrt[3]{x^3 - 1}$$

$$= \sqrt[3]{2^3 - 1} = \boxed{\sqrt[3]{7}}$$

$$8) \frac{d}{dx} \int \frac{1}{3x} \cos t^2 dt \quad \int 6x \sin x^2 dx. \quad \begin{matrix} u = x^2 \\ 3du = 6x dx \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & 0 - 3 \cos(x^2) \\ & = -3 \cos x^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$= 3 \int \sin u du$$

$$= -3 \cos x^2 + C$$

10)

x	0	3	6
f(x)	1	5	7
f'(x)	9	11	-4

$$g'(3) = 2f(2 \cdot 3)$$

$$= 2f(6) = 2(7) = \boxed{14}$$

$$g''(3) = 4f'(2 \cdot 3)$$

$$= 4f'(6) = \boxed{-16}$$

$$g(x) = \int_0^{2x} f(t) dt$$

$$g'(x) = 2f(2x)$$

$$g''(x) = 2f'(2x) \cdot 2$$

$$= 4f'(2x)$$

$$(1) v(t) = \frac{1}{2} - \sin t, \quad 0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$$

$$a) \begin{aligned} \frac{1}{2} - \sin t &> 0 \\ \frac{1}{2} &> \sin t \end{aligned}$$



$$b) \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{1}{2} - \sin t \, dt$$

$$= (\pi + 1) - (1)$$

$$= \boxed{\pi}$$

$$c) v'(t) > 0 \text{ or } < 0 @ \pi/4$$

$$v'(t) = -\cos t$$

$$v'(\pi/4) = -\cos(\pi/4) < 0$$

dec.

$$(2) \int 4x\sqrt{x-1} dx = 4 \int x(x-1)^{1/2} dx \quad \begin{array}{l} u=x-1 \Rightarrow x=u+1 \\ du=1 dx \end{array}$$

$$\Rightarrow 4 \int (u+1)(u)^{1/2} du = 4 \int u^{3/2} + u^{1/2} du.$$

$$= 4 \left(\frac{2}{5} u^{5/2} + \frac{2}{3} u^{3/2} \right)$$

$$= \frac{8}{5} (x-1)^{5/2} + \frac{2}{3} (x-1)^{3/2} + C$$

Bonus: $6t^2 + 1$ gal/min. for $0 \leq t \leq 2$ t in min.

at $t=2$, 32 gal.

at $t=1$ = ?

$$f(t) = \int (6t^2 + 1) dt$$

$$= 2t^3 + t + C$$

$$32 = 2(2)^3 + 2 + C$$

$$14 = C$$

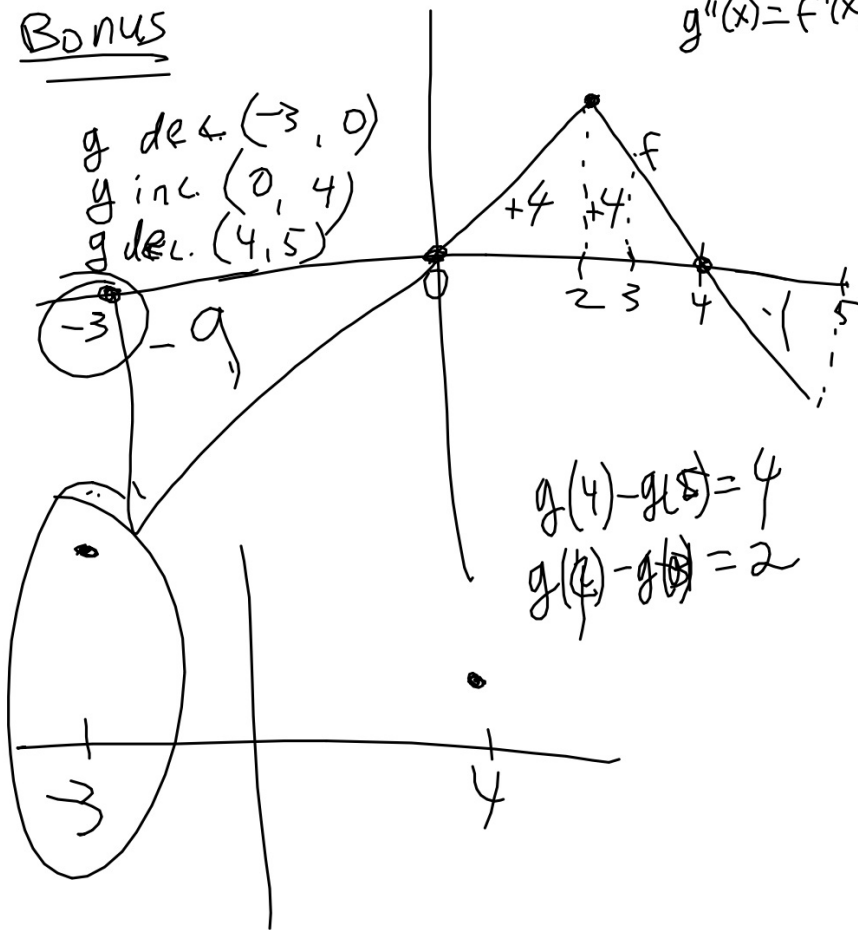
$$f(x) = 2t^3 + t + 14$$
$$= 2(1)^3 + 1 + 14$$

$$= 17 \text{ gal}$$

Bonus

$$g''(x) = f'(x), \quad g(x) = \int_2^x f(t) dt. \quad -3 \leq x \leq 5$$
$$g'(x) = f(x)$$

g dec. $(-3, 0)$
 g inc. $(0, 4)$
 g dec. $(4, 5)$



a) $x = 4$

b) Abs. max

$g(4)$
 $g(3)$

$g(5)$

c) $(-3, 2)$

$g(4) - g(5) = 4$
 $g(2) - g(3) = 2$