

Objective

Students will...

- Be able to use "U"-Substitution to calculate definite integrals.
- Be able to use a graphing calculator to find definite integrals.

Definite Integration by U-Substitution

The way to integrate definite integrals follows the same logic, just with a few extra steps. There are two ways: direct way, and using a change of variables (50 M (5))

<u>Direct way</u>: Rewrite "u" back to the original and use the original bounds.

<u>Change of variable</u>: Change the bounds using "u" and apply the first FTC without rewriting.

Example: Direct Way

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Find
$$\int_{0}^{1} x(x^{2} + 3)^{3} dx$$
 $|x| = x^{2} + 3$
 $|x| = 2x dx = 3$
 $|x| = 3x dx = 3$
 $|x| = 3x$

 $U=x^{2+3}$ Example: Change of Variable

Find
$$\int_0^1 x(x^2+3)^3 dx$$

= $\frac{1}{8}u^4 \Big|_3^4 = \frac{1}{8}(4)^4 - \frac{1}{8}(3)^4 - \frac{156}{8} - \frac{8}{8} = \boxed{17.5}$

Example

Find
$$\int_{1}^{5} \frac{x}{\sqrt{2x-1}} dx$$
 $U = 2x-1 = x^{-\frac{u+1}{2}} = \frac{1}{2}u + \frac{1}{2}$
 $du = 2 dx$
 $\frac{1}{2}du = 1 dx$
 $u_{1} = 2(1) - 1 = 1$
 $u_{5} = 2(5) - 1 = 9$
 $= \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{2}{3}u^{3/2} + 2u^{3/2} +$

Using a Calculator to Integrate

For the most part, you can only use a graphing calculator to find definite integrals.

Find
$$\int_0^1 x(x^2+3)^3 dx$$

Find
$$\int_1^5 \frac{x}{\sqrt{2x-1}} dx$$

Homework Due 11/19

4.5 #71-81(odd), 87-91(odd), 93-98 (no need to graph)